

THE EVENING NEWS.

FIFTH YEAR—NO. 78

BENTON HARBOR, MICH., MONDAY, JANUARY 1, 1900.

TWO CENTS.

GLIMPSE OF 1899

The Old Year Was Very Good to Benton Harbor

The City and Farming District Surrounding Has Prospered

Brief Story of the Good Old Year Just Gone

That period of time known as the year of 1899, A. D., kind to Benton Harbor and the fruit district surrounding it. The city has grown in population, in buildings and in facilities, and the fruit growers have become rich from the enormous crop of a single season selling at high prices. A new industry has appeared and hereafter Berrien county will make

newspapers. The most important thing which occurred was the decision in the case of Brant vs Conger which forever decided the vexed question whether a city treasurer was entitled to a percentage beyond his salary.

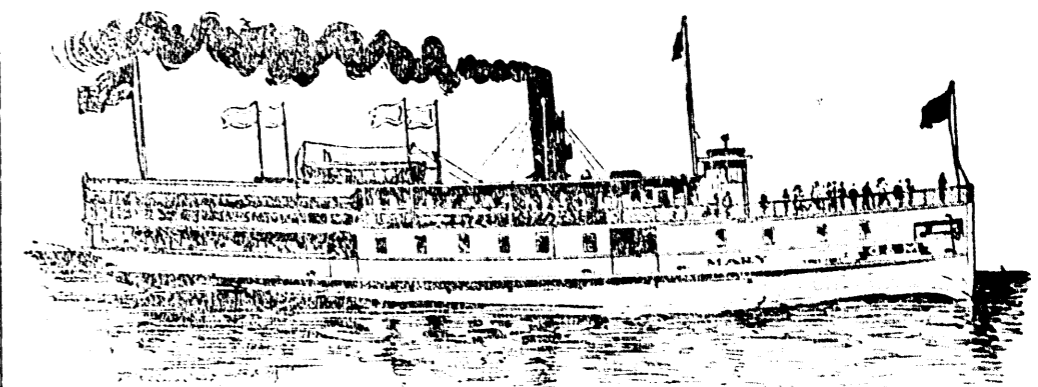
The month of May will long be remembered in the years to come as bringing with it the worst electric storm known in years, if ever. On the 28th a storm visited this city which frightened men with gray hairs who never before witnessed any electrical disturbance which at all startled them. During this one month twenty-five buildings insured in the Berrien county farmers' insurance company were struck by lightning, a record never before equaled and it is hoped never will be again.

It was during May that Mrs. Charles D. Evans of Sodus secured a judgment of \$1,971.42 against Tonneller & Hill for selling her husband liquor which it was claimed cost him his life. This was one of the most interesting cases in the circuit court during the year. In his charge to the jury Judge Coolidge exhibited an unusually clear idea of the liquor laws of the state and the following paragraphs from the charge will prove interesting at this time:

In case you find that the plaintiff is entitled to recover and that she has suffered in her means of support by reason of the death of her husband, you will award her a just and reasonable compensation for the loss so sustained. Now, the receipt of a certain amount of support from the husband each year for 29 consecutive years involves the existence of an annuity for 29 years. You are then to ascertain the present value of such an annuity. I will illustrate the legal method by which

Short But Brilliant Career.

Born November 17, 1899



Died December 9, 1899

This crack steamer, speed 22 miles an hour, bought by G. & M. company November 17, arrived here November 20 and burned December 9. The steamer is now being raised.

the morning he drove into a creek where a bridge had been washed away. His wagon was smashed and he was badly injured and for several days afterwards walked with the greatest difficulty.

July found this vicinity happy and prosperous and left the community in the same spirit. Work on the sugar factory was rushed and all the laboring men found work. In the local religious world two city pastors resigned, Revs. Smith and Woodruff.

Next to January, when the Wolverine sugar company was organized, the month of August and more in store for Benton Harbor than the other months of the year. Toward the latter part of the month, in the last week, Dr. John and George A. Mills made the city the proposition that if the people would buy 1,000 opera house tickets at \$5 each they would erect an opera house to cost \$50,000. The proposition was a big one, but Benton Harbor in the next few weeks convinced the world that there was no proposition too big and the foundation of the offer was demolished. He does this it was in August that Benton Harbor was assured of another street railway and a franchise was given to W. C. Groves for the purpose of building the road.

The month of September brought with it a flood of paying trouble for the city. On the 7th of the month Judge Coolidge dissolved a grand jury and the day following the paving company began laying the concrete curb along the street. An went swimmingly for eight days and the curb was finished when A. J. Kidd on the 16th applied for an injunction against the paving company on the ground that the road was a line adopted by the city and was on his property. A writ was suspended and on the 24th the court ruled an opinion which checked the paving company from under the contract between the city and the paving company.

pany. Nothing has been done toward paving the street since. Benton Harbor and St. Joseph both had cause for rejoicing this month. The former secured purchasers for the 1,000 opera house tickets and the latter auditorium was assured, in one day after the Truscott boat works in St. Joseph burned, the enterprising citizens of the place raised \$5,000 raised to induce the company to rebuild the plant.

There was great rejoicing here over the sale of the opera house tickets. When THE NEWS was preparing its account of the great victory Rev. George A. Sahlin dropped into the office and when asked to write four lines appropriate to the occasion he penned the following:

The opera house will build
And the town proceed to gild,
We've won in every fight,
For in Harbor, she's all right.

On September 29 six inches of snow fell but it soon melted.

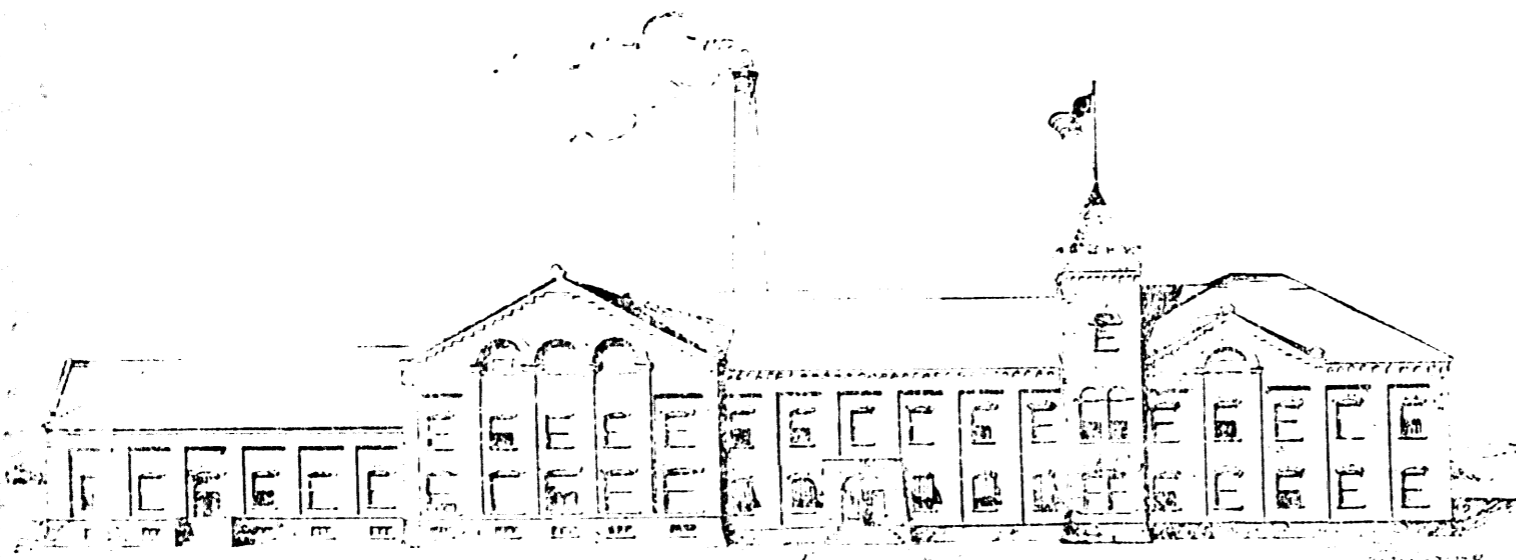
October brought with it the smallpox scare, which at first was thought to be chickenpox or "chicken itchy." For a time people were afraid to come to Benton Harbor, and when the disease struck the country and cities and villages which had been so loudly against Benton Harbor and played a different tune and the mild form of the disease was not a bad thing to have after all. The disease was stamped out by the health officer in a short time by Health Officer Groves. This was the second time smallpox visited this city within the year.

The street carnival came with this month and so did the imitation Jerry Simpson. The carnival was a blessing to the moral atmosphere of the city.

(Continued on page 2.)

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
The Laxative Bromo Seltzer Tablets. All
druggists refund the money if it fails to cure.
E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

1899's Very Sweet Addition to City.



Wolverine Sugar Factory, Cost \$300,000.

her own sugar from her own beets and will have a surplus for the market. There have been no business failures and to accommodate the growing needs of the city two new strong banks have been organized.

Today THE NEWS presents a brief story of the year, giving the dates of some of the important and interesting events. In this brief space it is impossible to mention all the events of public interest but from those given each individual will be able to figure the special happenings that were of special interest to them.

you do this. Suppose that you find that the value of the support furnished by Evans to the plaintiff was \$200 a year and that there was a reasonable expectancy that this would continue for their joint lives or 29 years. You then multiply \$200 by 29, \$5,800 and divide that sum by \$1 plus 6 cents, the interest on \$1 at 6 per cent multiplied by 29 or \$2.74. The amount is \$2,116.79. That is the present value of an annuity of \$200 per year for 29 years. I give this to you as an illustration.

On the other hand, you should not decline to render a verdict for the defendants because it may seem unpleasant, or because you deem the law as applied to this class of cases as harsh or imposing a hardship on the saloon keeper. The business of selling liquor under our law is a perilous one, the man who enters into it goes into it with his eyes open and assumes all those perils, burdens and dangers which the law has imposed on the business.

In June the Chicago commission merchants began to speculate in Berrien county orchards buying the immature fruit on the trees. Mr. Jennings was about the first to do so and he secured in cash \$3,000 for his prospective crop of peaches. Apple orchards were extensively purchased and the farmers enjoyed the wild rush of the buyers after fruit. On the 2nd of the month Sodus township was visited by a waterspout, the only unusual event of the month. The road bed of the Big Four was practically washed out for a distance of a mile between Sodus and Eau Claire and the trains were delayed for several hours. Dr. Tutton made a professional visit to Eau Claire the night before and on his return early in

Bean to light and heat the county buildings. Those who understand the workings of the contract are a ready stick of the bargain.

The month of February will long be noted for the cold snap it brought with it. On the 9th of that month the cold wave was the fiercest and from THE EVENING NEWS of that date the following will prove of interest in this brief summary of the events of the year.

Benton Harbor is in the grip of the fiercest blizzard known here in many years. For two weeks the thermometer has scarcely ascended to the freezing point and the cold has grown until it reached its present intensity. Relief is promised tomorrow.

Tuesday night the mercury scored several points below zero and yesterday afternoon it began its record breaking journey. At 6 o'clock last evening it stood 7 below, and this morning was 13 below. At Mr. Yore's farm, a few miles out of the city, it is reported that the mercury dropped to 17.

Peach growers are a little nervous over the situation. Allen Brunson, a veteran peach grower, says the trees this year are not in a condition to stand severe cold. He thinks that a temperature of 17 below would destroy all prospects for a crop.

Accompanying the cold was a heavy snow storm which impeded railroad and street car traffic. On the 12th Matthew Yore was killed by the street cars and on the following day Ambrose Vanderbeck was killed by a switch engine on the Vandalla.

March was not an especially glad month for Benton Harbor. It was during this month that the smallpox broke out here and as a result the college was closed and there was considerable excitement. Trade of the merchants was badly affected and the prospects for business were gloomy. The disease, however, under the efficient management of Dr. George M. Bell, who was health officer at the time, was kept from spreading and was confined to a single family. Three political county conventions were held during the month and the city elections began to furnish some excitement at the close of the month.

April was a quiet month save for the city election. There was also a county election but little interest was taken in it as Judge Coolidge was certain of reelection and Judge O'Hara never thought he had a fighting chance. The city election was unusually quiet as both sides signed a compact not to discuss the issues of the campaign in the

The year 1899 opened with several events that meant everything to the welfare of Benton Harbor. No previous year in the history of the city made such a good beginning. The chief cause for rejoicing was the big harbor appropriation secured by Congressman Hamilton. On January 21 the following telegram created joy and gladness among the people of this city and St. Joseph:

Washington, Jan. 21.—J. S. Morton, Benton Harbor, Mich.: We get continuing contract calling for the expenditure of \$380,000, \$50,000 immediately available. This gives us everything.
E. L. Hamilton.

Besides this the Wolverine sugar company was organized and a \$200,000 factory assured.
The county did not fare as well in the first month of the year as did the city of Benton Harbor, for it was in this month that the contract was let to Col.

PUT A TELEPHONE IN YOUR STORE



IT WILL DRAW CUSTOM

Occasionally you will find a store, or other place of business, so far behind the times as to be without a telephone. The telephone facilitates the transaction of business and draws custom as nothing else can.

People like to deal with those who consider no appliance too expensive, so long as it adds to the comfort of a patron.

To which class do you belong?
Michigan Telephone Co.

Holiday Books

A choice selection now on exhibition at Lowe & Witherspoon's. Most of the latest books now on sale and will order any that is called for. We have in stock the following list:

- Manders, by Elwin Barron.
- David Harum, by Wescott.
- When Knighthood is in Flower, by Cascoden.
- In Old New York, by Wilson Barrett and Elwin Barron.
- Rodens Corner, by Merriman.
- Lion and Unicorn, by Richard Harding Davis.
- The Knight of the King's Guard, by Martin.
- Greater Inclination, by Edith Wharton.
- Maternity of Harriet Wickham, by Mrs. Dudley.
- Richard Carvel.
- Market Place, by Harrold Frederick.

Also a large line of children's books

..Lowe & Witherspoon

REMEMBER

January 1, 1900, our shoe stock will be consolidated with the stock of B. F. Wells at 113 Pipestone St., where we will have the finest and most complete stock of footwear in Benton Harbor. Until then we are at our old stand in the Sweet block, selling goods cheaper and better than ever before.

Don't forget you will find us at 113 Pipestone St., after Jan. 1, 1900.

A. S. MILES

W.E. KENNEDY THE JEWELER

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Etc.

W.E. KENNEDY THE JEWELER

We have in stock a line of

Perfumes and Toilet Articles

Which we wish to close out and will sell them at

40 Per Cent Discount.

Also a line of Traveling Men's Samples of Mufflers and Handkerchiefs, both to be sold at wholesale prices.

VAN HORN'S DRY GOODS STORE.

We Deny Saying

That ours is the largest grocery in the city, but

Our Customers Say

That it is the best place in the city to buy reliable goods. Only the best of goods are sold. Our increasing patronage is proof that the people like good things.

Cor. Pipestone and Britain... Michael & Beeny

Don't

forget that a really good printer knows more of the economics of cost of production in his line than you do, and don't

Waste Time and Money

looking for the lowest bidder, for nine cases out of ten, he is offering inferior goods. Its just like any other business—you can't get something for nothing

In Printing

Bring it to Us, we add that little touch that gives it value, and, We think out the economics for you

Evening News Job Rooms.

Throw away the old 1800 stock and let us print you some with 1900 on it for a change.

THE Keeley Cure Alcohol and Opium Using

BENTON HARBOR, MICH.

Treated to a successful conclusion. Write us for literature and full information. Don't delay if you need this treatment.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE BOX 1185 BENTON HARBOR, MICH.

GONE INTO HISTORY.

Some of the Leading Features of the Year 1899.

HAPPENINGS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

A Brief Outline of the Events Which Have a National and International Significance—Disasters, Wars, Epidemics, Etc.

The year 1899 will always be memorable as that in which the Spanish-American war was officially closed and the Filipino insurrection reduced to a mere disorganized guerrilla warfare, with its leader a fugitive. On the first day of the year Spain relinquished its authority in Cuba and the United States assumed control. The peace treaty was sent to the senate three days later, and February 6 it was ratified. April 11 ratifications were exchanged with Spain and peace proclaimed. The work of political reorganization in Cuba has progressed satisfactorily.

The history of the revolt of the Tagals, under the leadership of Aguinaldo, against the sovereignty of the United States is embraced within the period of the old year. It had its inception in the refusal of the insurgents to surrender Iloilo to the United States, the demand of Aguinaldo for independence and his proclamation of a republic. As this government failed to recognize him, he precipitated an insurrection by his attack upon the American forces near Manila February 4. Since that date there have been many encounters with the insurgents. In every one of which our forces have been successful, and numerous towns have been captured, occupied or destroyed. Aguinaldo's so-called capital has been moved from place to place with celerity as our troops advanced, his so-called government has disappeared, his forces have melted away until there is but a handful left to keep up a guerrilla war, and Aguinaldo himself is virtually a fugitive without a following.

There have been other important questions settled during the year. The army scandal, which originated in the commissary department, has been quelled by the court-martialing of Gen. Egan and the resignation of Secretary Alger. The disturbed relations between Great Britain and the United States over the Alaskan boundary have been temporarily adjusted by a modus vivendi. The outbreak in Samoa has been settled by a dissolution of the tripartite agreement between Great Britain, Germany and the United States. Great Britain renouncing all its claims and receiving compensation elsewhere. The United States retains possession of the island of Tutuila and the important harbor of Pago Pago, Germany having possession of the rest of the Samoan group.

The most important measures that were acted on during the short session of the Fifty-fifth congress were the treaty of peace with Spain, the naval personnel bill, the provisional army bill and the bills to make George Dewey an admiral, to take the twelfth census and to improve the condition of seamen in the merchant marine. The extra-legal relations of that congress were \$1,000,000 for warships and armor, \$200,000 for warships and armor, \$1,500,000 for new coast defense vessels and \$17,000,000 for war department expenses on account of the war. The present congress the only bill which has been acted upon is the monetary bill, which has passed the house. The monetary bill is the first of the year may be summed up in the fact that in the New Year elections Ohio, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, South Dakota, Kentucky, Iowa, New Jersey endorsed the policy of the administration. Nebraska was carried by the democrats and populists, while Virginia and Mississippi went democratic.

The Old Year Abroad.

The old year abroad has witnessed some events of a stirring nature. Notwithstanding the czar's spectacular exhibition at The Hague in the interests of international peace and brotherhood, the two leading events in Great Britain's record for the year have been warlike. Early in the year the British government issued a proclamation of joint control of the Soudan with Egypt, and has effected that control by a series of brilliant victories won by Lord Kitchener, who is now on his way to South Africa, second in command to Lord Roberts, to take part in Great Britain's second war for the subjugation of the Transvaal and Free State Boers. The causes of this needless war and the progress of its events are too fresh in the public recollection to need recapitulation. Great Britain thus far has paid a heavy tribute of life and treasure to gratify colonial ambitions. The territorial dispute between Venezuela and Great Britain has been settled by arbitration to the advantage of the latter.

France early in the year lost President Faure by death. M. Loubet was at once elected in his place, and from that time, in February, to the end of the year the republic has been in turmoil over the Dreyfus rehearsal and the innumerable ramifications of the "incident," the resignation of ministers, the violent uprising of socialist and anti-Semitic mobs, demonstrations against the government and revolutionary plottings. But meanwhile the government has remained firm, seditious acts have been suppressed and Paris expects to crown the closing year of the century with the brilliancy of its exposition.

The year has been an auspicious one for Germany, especially in the expansion of its imperial power, but it closes with a race struggle in Austro-Hungary which may yet prove perilous to the empire. Except for the old-time struggle between Norway and Sweden and industrial troubles in Belgium, Scandinavia and the Netherlands have had an uneventful year. Russia continues to extend its power in eastern Asia and in the direction of India. Its great Trans-Siberian road completed, it will have the dominant influence in China, though Great Britain, Germany, France and Italy have secured important "concessions," as the grabs are called. The czar's disarmament congress adjourned July 29 after 16 states had signed an arbitration convention which has no binding force. The first reply to the czar's congress was the refusal of Great Britain to arbitrate the Boers' contention. Spain is practically quiet and appears to be recovering rapidly from the effects of the war and to be relieved by the loss of some of its colonies to this country and thecession of others to Germany. Turkey, Greece and the Balkan provinces, usually the scene of disturbance, have had a quiet year. The threats of uprisings in Macedonia speedily subsided, and Bulgaria, which was near a clash with the Turks, has been pacified. China is in process of dissection by the greater powers, while little Japan, its conqueror, is happy that it has to be taken into account as a world power.

The Notable Dead.

In the great army of those who passed away during 1899 there are some who have made themselves conspicuous and have achieved international fame. A partial list follows:

Jan. 13, Nelson Dingley, congressman; Jan. 17, John Russell Young, congressional librarian; Feb. 6, Gen. Count Von Caprivi, ex-chancellor, Germany; Feb. 7, William Laird, the English shipbuilder; Feb. 16, Felix Faure, president of France; Feb. 25, Baron Paul Julius de Reuter, founder of the Reuter news agency; March 4, Emil Erkemann, novelist, France; March 16, Joseph Medill, editor of the Chicago Tribune; March 20, W. H. Millais, artist, England; March 29, Birker Foster, artist, England; April 9, Stephen D. Field, jurist, United States; May 15, Francaise Sarcy, critic and author, France; May 25, Don Emilio Castelar, author and statesman, Spain;

May 26, Rosa Bonheur, artist, France; May 28, Elise Polko, musical author, Germany; June 1, John Smart, artist, England; June 3, Johann Strauss, composer, Vienna; June 5, Frank Thomson, president of the Pennsylvania railroad corporation; June 7, Augustin Daly, theatrical manager; June 30, Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth, novelist, United States; July 2, Charles Victor Cherbuliez, novelist, France; July 21, Robert G. Ingersoll, the great agnostic; July 26, Gen. Ulysses Heureux, president of San Domingo; Aug. 16, Prof. Robert Wilhelm Eberhard Bunsen, the German scientist; Sept. 12, Cornelius Vanderbilt, the American financier; Sept. 17, Charles A. Pillsbury, the Minneapolis mill owner; Oct. 19, W. H. Appleton, publisher, New York; Oct. 25, Grant Allen, the English novelist; Oct. 25, Gen. Sir William Penn Symonds, of the British army; Oct. 27, Florence Maryatt, the English novelist; Oct. 28, Ottomar Mergenthaler, inventor of the Linotype machine; Nov. 21, Garret A. Hobart, vice president of the United States; Dec. 19, Maj. Gen. Henry W. Lawton, U. S. A.; Dec. 21, Charles Lamoureux, conductor, Paris; Dec. 22, Dwight L. Moody, evangelist; Dec. 23, Dorman B. Eaton, father of civil service reform; Dec. 26, Prof. Eliot Coues, scientist.

Disasters.

The following is a record of the prominent disasters of 1899, both in this and other countries:

In January 10 persons were killed by a boiler explosion in London, England; 1,000 by a flood in China; 20 by a fire near San Sebastian, Spain; 500 by hurricane in the Solomon Islands; 14 by mine explosion at Mozarron, Spain; 20 by drowning at Koenigsberg, Prussia.

In February 7 were killed by a snowslide at Rogers pass, R. C.; 14 by fire at Bodungh, Hungary; 6 by mine explosion at Colfax, Cal.; 24 by a snowslide at Silver Plume, Col.; 17 by fire at the South Dakota insane asylum; 106 by drowning at Tientsin, China; 30 by a railroad accident at Foret, France; 5 by a mine explosion at Rocklin, Ala.; 20 by a storm in the Cayman Islands, and 9 by a cyclone at Yazoo City, Miss.

In March 28 perished in a storm in Alaska; 6 by a snowslide at White Pine, Cal.; 7 by an explosion at Dwinsk, Russia; 6 by a powder explosion at La Goubaine, France; 8 by a cyclone in Tennessee and Alabama; 2,000 by a tidal wave on the coast of Corea; 11 by a landslide at Racunaga, Spain; 40 by a hurricane on the coast of Queensland; 5 by a railroad accident in N. W. Zealand; 41 by fire in the Windsor hotel, New York; 11 by a cyclone in Alabama; 8 by fire in Chicago.

In April 70 were killed by a fire in Nardone, Japan; 30 by earthquake at Nara, Japan; 13 by a fire in New York; 15 by flood in Glendive, Mont.; 13 by a fire in the Harlem river, N. Y.; 100 by drowning on the Japan coast; 31 by fire at Gladstone, N. S. W.; 10 by a hurricane on the Australian coast; 7 by a fire at Gura, Hungary; 18 by cyclone in Missouri and Iowa; 65 by mine explosion at Troisk, Russia.

In May 8 were killed by cyclone in Kansas; 22 by cyclone at Honolulu, Mexico; 5 by fire at Bruns-wick, Germany; 85 by hurricane at Samoa; 12 by a falling building at Croydon, Prussia; 12 by a fire at Porters, Poland; 11 by sinking of a ferryboat in Bavaria; 7 by an explosion at Copenhagen; 1 by cyclone in South Dakota; 9 by fire in Hardenville, N. C.

In June 20 persons perished by drowning in the Lake of the Clouds; 25 by a cloudburst at Maradville, Tex.; 18 by a landslide at Ross Hollow, Ark.; 11 by a tornado at Valhalla, Spain; 17 by a mine accident at Kimberley, South Africa; 162 by cyclone in Wisconsin; 15 by cyclone at Herman, Neb.; 11 by fire at Rybnik, Russia; 20 by powder explosion in Peking, China; 11 by mine explosion at Cape Breton, U. S.; 12 by drowning at Brest, France; 27 by mine explosion at Santa Eulalia, Mexico; 50 by flood in Texas.

In July 15 perished by drowning at Caranvoursh, England; 30 by flood in Texas; 11 by a mine disaster in Odessa; 8 by flood in North Dakota; 16 by mine explosion at Cape Town; 15 by powder explosion in Pretoria; 30 by hurricane in Japan; 19 by drowning in Alaska; 211 by mine accident in Japan; 20 by a tornado in Pennsylvania.

In August 6 were killed by cyclone in Maryland; 17 by railroad accident in Paris; 20 by drowning at Bar Harbor, Me.; 23 by a trolley car accident at Bridgeport, Conn.; 5,000 by hurricane in the West Indies; 16 by fire in Yokohama; 6 by drowning at Washington, Ind.; 90 by hurricane at Nassau; 80 by storm on coast of Carolinas; 16 by mine explosion at Hauti Cruix, France; 10 by fall of Coliseum, Chicago; 90 by mine explosion at Suku Ku, Japan; 6 by fire in Yuma, A. T.

In September 10 perished by flood at Fayr-bach, Austria; 32 by fall of a church in Kalisch, Poland; 15 by storm on the Newfoundland coast; 1,82 by storm in Japan; 1,500 by earthquake at Aldin, Asia Minor; 400 by earthquake in India; 10 by collapse of a building at Cologne; 1,000 by earthquake at Smyrna; 6 by railroad accident at Tampico.

In October 40 perished by flood at Salerno, Italy; 50 by a typhoon in Japan; 5,000 by earthquake in the island of Ceram; 130 by hurricane in Norway; 10 by tornado in Cuba; 23 in a blizzard in Teton county, Mont.; 60 by tidal wave in Japan; 14 by fire at Fairbair, Ala.

In November 30 were killed by collapse of a pier at Antwerp; 50 by a theater fire in Canton, China; 120 by storm in Norway.

In December 22 were killed by a mine explosion at Carbonaro, Wash.; 16 by railroad accident at Savona, Italy; 12 by fire at Quincy, Ill.; 49 by drowning in river Lys, Belgium; 30 by mine accident at Browns-ville, Pa.; 10 by landslide at Amalfi, Italy; 8 by earthquake in southern California.

The following table gives the loss of life resulting from various disasters in this country as reported by mail and telegraph:

Drowning 1,812
Explosions 563
Falling buildings, etc. 415
Cyclones, storms 713
Lightning 223

The loss of life by railroad accidents, reported by mail and telegraph, for 1899 was 3,522, as compared with 3,330 in 1898 and 2,764 in 1897. The number of seriously injured was 3,285, as compared with 2,616 in 1898 and 2,428 in 1897.

The list of marine disasters shows 1,750 lives were lost upon the ocean and 469 on inland waters, a total of 2,219, as compared with 3,655 in 1898, 2,425 in 1897, 3,012 in 1896, 4,250 in 1895 and 6,881 in 1894.

Wars.

The three prominent wars of the year have been the quelling of the Filipino revolt, the Anglo-dervish and Anglo-Boer, in addition to these there have been several revolutions in South and Central America, battles in the Soudan and in various parts of Asia and Africa. The list of casualties, including killed and wounded, is as follows:

Philippines 9,475
South Africa 3,365
Soudan 3,958
China 8,582
India 975
Arabia 6,490
Formosa 951
Samoa 273
San Domingo 4,800
Venezuela 1,500
Colombia 1,000
Ecuador 1,000
Bolivia 200

Epidemics and Famines.

The loss of life by epidemics and famine shows an increase over last year. The plague in India, Africa and at other points has swept off over 250,000 victims. Famine has claimed over 50,000 in Russia and Africa and cholera about 2,000. Yellow fever has attacked different places between Florida and Brazil, but improved methods of treatment have reduced its fatalities to about 300. It is hard to collect statistics of this kind, but the total, so far as reported, is about 310,000, as compared with 222,900 in 1897.

Summary of Disasters.

As nearly as can be estimated 1,700 lives have been lost upon the ocean, 469 on inland waters, 4,250 by railroad accidents,

320 by disasters abroad, 4,775 by minor disasters in this country, 300,000 by epidemics and famine and 48,237 by wars, making a total of 408,711, as compared with 127,900 in 1898, 389,017 in 1897, 246,646 in 1896 and 276,337 in 1895.

Suicides.

The total number of persons who have committed suicide in the United States during 1899, as reported by mail and telegraph, is 5,340, as compared with 5,920 in 1898, 6,600 in 1897, 6,520 in 1896 and 5,750 in 1895. It will be seen that the decrease in self-murder since 1897 has been steady. Of this total 4,155 were males and 1,185 females, which is about the usual proportion year by year for the last ten years. Among professions and men physicians still head the list, 38 having taken their own lives, as compared with 44 in 1898, 41 in 1897, 47 in 1896, 59 in 1895 and 45 in 1894. During the year also 9 clergymen, 7 prominent attorneys, 7 persons engaged in the banking business, 2 actors, 7 journalists and 2 college professors have committed suicide. The causes of suicide were as follows:

Despondency 2,573
Unknown 1,649
Insanity 356
Liquor 127
Ill health 125
Domestic infelicity 114
Disappointed love 146
Business losses 74

In these cases of suicide poison remains the most frequent agent; 1,131 killed themselves with poison, 1,553 by shooting, 527 by hanging, 302 by cutting their throats, 316 by drowning, 30 set themselves afire, 25 threw themselves in front of railroad trains, 42 jumped from house-tops or windows, 7 killed themselves with dynamite and 4 starved themselves.

Murders.

The total number of murders committed in the United States during 1899 shows a continued decrease, being 6,235, as compared with 7,810 in 1898, 9,529 in 1897, 10,652 in 1896 and 10,500 in 1895. The causes of these murders may be classified as follows:

Quarrels 3,309
Unknown 1,699
Jealousy 173
Liquor 212
By highwaymen 296
Infanticide 132
Rapes and arrast 114
Highwaymen killed 83
Insanity 81
Self-defense 31
Strife 29
Outrages 6
Riots 10

Hangings.

The number of legal executions in 1899 was 131, as compared with 139 in 1898, 128 in 1897, 122 in 1896, 122 in 1895, 126 in 1894 and 107 in 1893. There were 100 hanged in the south and 31 in the north, of whom 58 were white, 32 blacks and 1 Indian. The crimes for which they were executed were: Murder, 113; rape, 17; highway robbery, 1.

Lynchings.

It is gratifying to note that the criminal work of the mob murders, notwithstanding some instances of special barbarity in Georgia, Louisiana and Kentucky, has decreased during 1899, being much smaller than in any year since 1887. Judge Lynch executed 107 persons during the year. Of these lynchings 193 occurred in the south and 4 in the north, of the total number 84 were negroes and 23 white.

Embezzlements.

The record of embezzling, forgery, defalcation and bank work for 1899 is the smallest ever known in any year in the history of business since statistics were kept, which embraces a period of 21 years. The total is but \$2,128,357, as compared with \$3,852,200 in 1898 and \$4,129,811 in 1897. The losses are distributed as follows:

From public officials \$374,457
From banks 640,200
From individuals 258,200
From insurance companies 108,400
From loan associations 3,345
By postmasters 25,731
Miscellaneous stealing 653,241

Fire Losses.

The losses by fire in the United States during 1899 aggregated \$150,557,265, as compared with \$123,125,497 in 1898, \$120,061,737 in 1897, \$111,566,967 in 1896 and \$115,578,206 in 1895. Those where the loss in each case was \$100,000 and upwards amounted to \$71,212,400 and the losses by smaller fires to \$84,344,865.

A Bright Spot.

Among all the records of the year 1899 not one stands out so conspicuously as that of the donations and bequests made for religion, educational institutions, charity, libraries, museums and galleries and to cities for popular benefit and entertainment. No year in the history of the country has ever equaled it. The aggregate thus bestowed is the immense sum of \$73,744,656, as compared with \$33,159,129 in 1898, \$33,612,844 in 1897, \$33,670,129 in 1896, \$28,943,549 in 1895 and \$19,997,116 in 1894. Of the total amount stated above there has been \$10,000 to educational institutions, the extraordinary sum of \$5,551,817 to charities, \$33,200,676 to churches, \$2,992,593 to museums and art galleries, \$2,686,549, and to libraries, \$5,012,401.

GERMANY'S BLOOD IS UP.

The Cabinet Holds a Special Session on Sunday to Consider the Seizure of the Bundesrath.

Berlin, Jan. 1.—That grave complications may grow out of the seizure of the German mail steamer Bundesrath by the British cruiser Magicienne in East African waters is shown by the fact that a cabinet council was held Sunday. It is further announced that the full German cabinet will discuss the case. The German press is bitter over the event, which may have the effect of nullifying the recent change of sentiment in favor of Great Britain in the Transvaal war. German officials are unconcerned, but the summoning of cabinet ministers on Sunday to formulate a report for the emperor shows that prompt notice is to be taken by the government.

Celebrated Midnight Mass.

New York, Jan. 1.—Archbishop Corrigan celebrated midnight mass at the cathedral. The service was the solemn pontifical mass held by papal decree of Leo XIII., on commemoration of the beginning of the last year of the nineteenth century, known to Catholics as the holy year, or year of jubilee.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—Thousands of Roman Catholics knelt in prayer Sunday night as the bells were on the stroke of 12. The churches were filled with worshipers who reverently listened to the priests in celebration of the midnight mass.

Frozen to Death.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 1.—Alphonse Hempke, aged 48, is the first victim of the cold weather in Detroit. He was found frozen to death Sunday, just one square from his home. He had been drinking Saturday night and was last seen alive when he started from a saloon in the neighborhood for his home.

Snow in Georgia.

Macon, Ga., Jan. 1.—The heaviest snow ever known in this part of the south fell here Sunday. It is estimated that the fall was fully six inches on the level. Much wheat has been planted in this section, and the farmers are the snow insures a big crop.

Don't

forget that a really good printer knows more of the economics of cost of production in his line than you do, and don't

Waste Time and Money

looking for the lowest bidder, for nine cases out of ten, he is offering inferior goods. Its just like any other business—you can't get something for nothing

In Printing

Bring it to Us, we add that little touch that gives it value, and, We think out the economics for you

Evening News Job Rooms.

Throw away the old 1800 stock and let us print you some with 1900 on it for a change.

THE Keeley Cure Alcohol and Opium Using

BENTON HARBOR, MICH.

Treated to a successful conclusion. Write us for literature and full information. Don't delay if you need this treatment.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE BOX 1185 BENTON HARBOR, MICH.

THE EVENING NEWS.

FIFTH YEAR—NO. 78

BENTON HARBOR, MICH., MONDAY, JANUARY 1, 1900.

TWO CENTS.

JANUARY—1900.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
...	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31

LOCAL BREVITIES

WRITE 1900.

GOOD sleighing.

SCHOOL tomorrow.

THE school ma'ams will come back tonight.

THE Truscott boat company is building several launches for Johannesburg, South Africa.

THE city council will meet in regular session tomorrow night. The regular bills for the month of December will be allowed.

THE steamer City of Louisville has abandoned making her last trip to Chicago and this morning came up the canal to lay up for the winter.

C. J. Peck & Co.'s books show that October was the best month in the year. Mr. Peck says that the best carnival and stove business is the reason.

E. F. ROUSE is now in charge of the J. I. Fabry drug store. The doctor and Mrs. Fabry have had some trouble in regard to the property and the matter will probably be settled in the courts.

It is understood that Mayor Rowe is quietly investigating the prize fight which was pulled off in the third story of the block occupied by Martin Johnson, one night last week and that arrests are sure to follow.

THE Benton Fuel company are moving their offices to the room in the Sweet block formerly occupied by Miles, the shoe man. They are sending out reminders of the removal in the shape of dainty calendars.

NELSON DeLong, who had a law office in this city a couple years ago, is dying at the asylum for the insane at Traverse City. Mr. DeLong was once a very prominent Michigan lawyer and at one time was mayor of Muskegon.

THE Old Fellows lodge of Water-villet will initiate four candidates this evening and the degree staff and members of Benton lodge of this city will attend the meeting and enjoy the good time. After the work in the lodge room a banquet will be served.

MRS. Herman Duncan, aged about 60 years, and residing on the town road between Hagar and Benton townships, fell down stairs last night and besides breaking two ribs sustained internal injuries. Dr. John Bell was called and attended the injured lady. She may die.

THE snow storm suggests the necessity of a snow plow or the enforcement of the snow ordinance. It is not encouraging to the people who clean their ways to be compelled to break road on the sidewalks of other people. Vacant lots should be cleared of snow just the same as occupied property.

A MOODY memorial service was held at the First Congregational church Sunday morning. The choir rendered the old gospel songs brought out by Moody and Sankey. The sermon was in regard to the great evangelist. The pastor related how he started in the work by firing three pews in church and then went on the street and got young men to come in and fill them. "Almost anybody can do that," said the preacher. Other incidents in the humble beginning of Moody's life that developed him into a great preacher were mentioned and to each the pastor added with good effect, "Almost any one can do that."

British Naval Pensioners.

The naval pension list of Great Britain consists of 5,927 persons, who are already receiving the regular service pension, in addition to which there are 2,750 persons who are eligible, but who have not yet been awarded the pension. These 8,677 pensioners receive the munificent sum of 10 cents a day, but of this number 4,082 are in receipt of an additional sum of 18 cents a day. The total annual cost of all these naval pensioners amounts to \$504,500. The estimated cost of paying such pensions is about \$1,000.

A Female Gravedigger.

The town of Lewis, England, has a woman gravedigger, who has attended to all the work in the cemetery for 25 years.

Women's Troubles

Mrs. W. S. Copeland of Cortland, N. Y., writes: "My system was terribly run down and I was threatened with collapse and nervous prostration. Dr. W. Chase's Nerve and Blood Pills made me wonderfully in a mild and gentle manner." See picture and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase on every box. Buy 50 cents. 10 druggists or A. W. Chase Mfg. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A man's lunch served at Phoenix lunch counter is at such favorable moment. 15¢ at the mill. 65¢

PERE MARQUETTE.

WEST MICHIGAN RAILROAD HAS CEASED TO BE.

The Chicago & West Michigan railroad company will run no more trains through Benton Harbor. The old company went out of existence at 12 o'clock last night and the Pere Marquette became its successor.

The offices of the road are supplied with rubber stamps bearing the words, "Pere Marquette," which will be used to blot out the words "Chicago & West Michigan," in the old blanks.

The Pere Marquette made a bad beginning. The northbound 10:25 train today was an hour late and the south-bound half an hour behind time.

TWO DEATHS.

Berrien Springs Loses Two Good Citizens by Death.

Berrien Springs, Jan. 1.—Saturday night Dr. W. H. Reiber of this village passed away. He came here from Pennsylvania in 1870 and practiced his profession until a few years ago when he retired on account of failing health. He was 64 years of age and a good citizen.

On Sunday night Jonathan Knight, a pioneer of the county, died a few hours before the old year. He was one of the first residents of the county and was 80 years of age. A few months ago he moved from the farm and took up his residence in the village. He is a man who had many friends.

This village has been visited by a heavy snow storm and it is snowing hard this morning. The snow is from 18 to 20 inches deep.

ST. JOSEPH.

Captain John Langley, who for years sailed the great lakes and at one time commanded the steamer Messenger, was stricken with paralysis last Saturday while at his home on Langely avenue. The captain is better today and may survive the stroke.

Miss Vera Boughton entertained a number of young people at her home at 912 State street last evening for the purpose of celebrating the death of the old year and the coming of the New Year. The guests assembled as early as half past seven and waited patiently for 1900 to put in an appearance. The hours before midnight were spent with music and in social conversation. At twelve a sumptuous lunch was served and then cards and dancing were initiated. The evening through out was a charming success.

The St. Joseph river is frozen over and ice blocks the mouth of the harbor. The steamer City of Louisville which has been laying at the Vandala docks awaiting favorable weather to make her last trip ever, will have to abandon it unless a thaw comes.

Paid Dear For His Leg

B. D. Branton, of Buckersville, Tex., in two years paid over \$300.00 to doctors to cure a Running Sore on his leg. Then they wanted to cut it off, but he cured it with one box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Guaranteed cure for Piles 25 cents a box. Sold by Lowe & Witte, druggists.

MICHIGAN.

Acreage is being secured for a \$500,000 sugar beet plant at Battle Creek and another at Albion.

Chas. Caldwell, a Battle Creek older man, was struck by a Grand Trunk train while driving across the track and perna is fatally injured.

Monroe is now in full possession of its municipal electric lighting plant, all the transformers having been closed. The consideration was \$19,500.

President Beall, of the Pere Marquette system, says the company's headquarters will be moved to Detroit, but that the date for the change has not yet been fixed.

Michigan pensions were granted Friday as follows: Original—James H. Johnson, Alcona, \$6. Increase—James Hervey, Elba, \$6 to \$8; John E. Mannering, Wallace, \$8 to \$12; Horace C. Parker, Deerfield, \$14 to \$17.

Rev. J. J. Axtell, of Royal Oak, has caused the arrest of Conductor W. J. Moehn, of Detroit, with whom he recently had a dispute, on a charge of using indecent language in the presence of women. Moehn was arraigned at Pontiac and released on \$300 bail to appear for examination.

Farce "Sixes and Sevens."

The price of admission for the farce, "Sixes and Sevens," and the twentieth century cake walk next Wednesday evening, has been placed at the low figure of 15 cents; 10 cents extra will be charged gentlemen for dancing. Come and get a dollar's worth of fun for 25 cents. Don't forget the date.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

J. A. Sheffield & Son, Dr. J. J. Fabry

Mr. J. Sheer, Sedalia, Mo., saved his child's life by One Minute Cough Cure. Doctors had given her up to die with croup. It's an infallible cure for coughs, colds, grippe, pneumonia, bronchitis and throat and lung troubles. Relieves at once. Geo. M. Bell & Co.

SOCIETY AND PERSONAL

Miss Rose Keyes returned to Dowagiac.

Mrs. Dr. Corey left for the south this morning.

Ferd Allen of Battle Creek is here visiting his parents.

Miss Katherine Allen has returned from her visit to California.

Roy Kramer and Will Russell returned to Agricultural college today.

Roland Morrill left today for Chicago and from there will go to Indianapolis.

Prof. Ward H. Marsh, of Galien, was the guest of friends in the city Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Harriet Gano entertained a party of friends last Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Bert Morrison, in honor of her sister, Miss Jeanette of Ypsilanti. A very pleasant time was had with games and other amusements, after which dainty refreshments were served.

DEFENDS HIS RIGHTS.

Dwarf Asks for a Big Drink and When He Doesn't Get It, Threatens to Throw Stones.

"No matter how small I am I'm a man, and I want a man's size drink," declared John Wilmore, a diminutive news dealer on the West side of Chicago to a large and appreciative audience of bluecoats in the squadroom of the Lake street police station. He had been forcibly detached from a huge granite block almost as large as himself, which he was preparing to hurl at the window of a saloon where he insisted he had been abused.

"I don't often get a thirst," Wilmore continued, "but when I do then it's me



WANTED A BIG DRINK

to a big drink. They call it low, but I want a big drink, and I'll get it, or I'll throw stones."

The dwarf, says the Chicago Chronicle, has been visiting saloons and taverns, where he would buy a drink, and when the bartender refused to give him a man's size drink, he would throw stones at the window. He was told that his size did not entitle him to more, even though he had placed a nickel on the bar. Wilmore then threw a willow of the cane and substituted a penny. Then he tossed off the beer.

The bartender, utterly devoid of any sense of humor, vaulted the bar and seized John, much after the fashion of a terrier holding a rat, only the purveyor used his broad and muscular hands instead of his teeth. Wilmore found himself in a vice seated on the cold pavement. Then he proceeded to hit on a plan of revenge, which was checked speedily.

Upon promise that he would never again patronize the saloon where his capacity had not been properly estimated, the prisoner was allowed to leave the station.

The Prince of Good Tonics.



A Non-intoxicating Malt Extract that is especially Recommended for Weak Nerves, Indigestion and Insomnia.

BUILDS UP A DEPLETED SYSTEM.

HAVE YOU EVER TRIED IT?

ALL DRUGGISTS

Prepared by VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO.

HALL & DATER

Wholesale Dealers, Benton Harbor Val Blatz Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

Satisfaction and Happiness..

They go hand in hand. You cannot be perfectly satisfied with yourself or anybody else if you are dressed in clothes that do not fit or ill become you.

It costs but little more to have clothes with a style and fit than to wear garments fitted over a dummy.

Of course you will get the idea and call at our tailoring store and see the latest fabrics and styles in cut.

H. A. Foeltzer

Corner Pipestone and Wall Streets

Our market is stocked with the finest of

Meats Oysters Fish and Poultry..

J. J. Miller, the meat man

Buy Your Coal Now

If you are posted on the coal market you will not delay. We handle the genuine

Lehigh Valley Coal, \$6.75 per ton delivered

These prices are liable to advance any time. Buy your coal now.

Union Ice and Coal Co.

Subscribe for The Evening News 10c a week delivered.

THE EVENING NEWS.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY
SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Delivered in Benton Harbor or St. Joseph.
One week, 10c
BY MAIL—One year, \$4; three months \$1;
one month, 40c; in advance.
The Weekly News, \$1 a year
Entered at the postoffice at Benton Harbor
as second-class matter.
OFFICE: 142 Pipestone Street.
TWIN CITY TELEPHONE 172.
MONDAY, JAN. 1, 1900

THEY DIDN'T SHRINK.
Flannels Undergo a New Process by
a Chicago Washerwoman and
Grow in Size.
"Now, Mary, be sure and tell that
washerwoman not to shrink this new
woolen underwear of mine into a knot,"
said a Chicago newspaper man to his
wife when the first breath of chilly
air announced the approach of winter,
and he displayed a purchase of flannels
he had made down town. "Tell her to
stretch 'em when she washes 'em, and
that will keep 'em in shape and size."
The wife promised to caution the
washerwoman, and accordingly when
the next Monday came around she in-



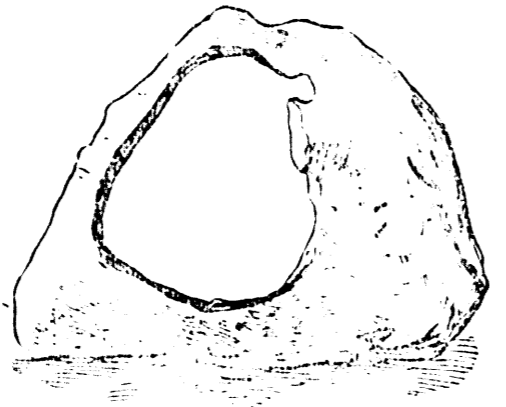
structed the laundry artist about the
first suit. The garments came through
the ordeal without an appreciable
change in size. So did the next suit,
and the third. Every Monday the same
caution was repeated, and the con-
scientious washerwoman pulled and
tugged at the flannels until the threads
were strained.
"Well, these garments are keeping
their size," muttered the husband, as
he put on some of them several weeks
after the purchase, and when they had
gone through several washings. He
noticed the sleeves were a little long
and the legs crowded his socks and
shoe tops. A week or two later he
found it necessary to put two
folds in his waistbands, and the folds
around his ankles grew bulkier. Be-
fore a month had passed he grew
alarmed. Still he hesitated about say-
ing anything that might change the
growth of the garments in the oppo-
site direction. He had some experience
in the gradual shrinkage of flannels,
and he decided to be quiet.
But the stretching continued. Each
washing necessitated an extra fold and
higher hitch. He knew something had
to be done or he would soon be obliged
to discard one of the garments and use
the other as a union suit if the muscu-
lar laundress was not stopped. He
made it a matter of secrecy with his
wife to call a halt on the stretching.
The next Monday the wife surprised
the washerwoman in the basement
laundry, eating her lunch while sitting
in a swing made of the husband's un-
derwear, and the secret was out. The
husband is hoping that by spring the
flannels will be back into normal con-
dition. Meanwhile the resourceful
washerwoman munches her lunch while
seated on a kitchen chair.

There is more Catarrh in this section
of the country than all other diseases
put together, and until the last few
years was supposed to be incurable.
For a great many years doctors pro-
nounced it a local disease, and pre-
scribed local remedies, and by constant-
ly failing to cure with local treatment,
pronounced it incurable. Science has
proven catarrh to be a constitutional
disease, and therefore requires constitu-
tional treatment. Hall's Catarrh
Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney
& Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitu-
tional cure on the market. It is taken
internally in doses from 10 drops to
a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the
blood and mucous surfaces of the sys-
tem. They offer one hundred dollars
for any case it fails to cure. Send for
circulars and testimonials. Address,
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Lunch Room and Oyster Parlor.
The Oak lunch room and oyster par-
lor has been refurbished throughout
and will be open day and night. Pre-
pared to serve all dishes kept in a first
class restaurant.
75th BOWEN & DURAM, Prop'rs.
Reasonable prices for the finest rigs
in the city can always be obtained of
A. Kennedy. Leave orders at Kenne-
dy's jewelry store.
Open 365 Days Annually.
Rouse ice cream company open for
business all winter, supplying fads and
plain ice creams for weddings, lodges,
banquets, receptions, socials and fam-
ily use. Plain brick, Neapolitan, Har-
lequin, Glaces, Mousses, Bombes,
Frappees, Sarbets, punches, puddings,
water ices, fruit creams, individuala,
etc. Our creams are superior to city
made goods. Phones: Bell, 328; Twin
City, 271. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m.,
1:30 to 4:30 p. m. Factory Water street.

HOW METEORS FALL.
Move So Swiftly That Many Are
Destroyed in Passage.
Velocity Is Reduced by Resistance
of the Air and Produces Disin-
tegration—Some Notable Mes-
sengers from the Skies.

The "Allegan meteorite," as they call
it at the National museum, is the latest
thing of its kind in the scientific world.
It came to earth about eight o'clock one
fine morning last July, with Thomas
Hill, on the Saugatuck road, Allegan,
Mich., as its lighting place. It was a
mixture of stone and iron, and is sup-
posed to have weighed 70 pounds when
it fell. As it is seen at the National
museum, Washington, D. C., now it is
labeled 62½ pounds. Several pounds of
it were broken or hacked off by re-
lievers before it got safely into the
scientific clutches of the museum.
Great crowds of people over in Al-
legan claimed to have seen it fall, and
assert that it came with a rushing, roar-
ing noise like unto distant thun-
der. They say that it came down almost
perpendicularly. It gave a bluish tinge
to the atmosphere through which it
passed, but possessed no luminosity. It
was not so awfully hot when it fell, as is
attested by the fact that the leaves and
grass, into which it fell were but very
slightly charred.
The stone as now seen at the museum
is about 17 inches long by 12 inches
thick and is rather irregular in shape.
One end of it is badly shattered. It is
polyhedral in outline, the larger sur-
faces are convex and are covered with a
thin black crust. Prof. Wirt Tassin,
who shares with Prof. George P. Merrill
the distinction of being the best au-
thority on meteorites in Washington,
said of it in his explanation to a New
York Herald correspondent:
"The structure is chondritic, and the
essential constituents are olivine and
an orthorhombic pyroxene, together
with very finely disseminated metallic
iron and undetermined sulphides. It



(The Most Famous Specimen of Its Kind
in the National Museum.)
belongs to the group known as the
Kugeltchen Chondrite, of Brezina."
This meteorite is so soft that it will
fall away to sand when pressed between
the thumb and fingers. It is, therefore,
kept in a glass case. It is probable
that the earth is frequently bombarded
by meteorites, but it is protected by the
atmosphere, which for a distance of
some 40 miles acts as a cushion to keep
the meteorites off. Scientists tell us
that the wonder is not that the mete-
orites fall, but that they ever get to
the ground, for they have great oppor-
tunity to be burned up by the atmos-
phere as they pass through space.
Meteorites are nearly always covered
with a crust of varying thickness,
resulting from the heating and fusion
of the surface of the mass during its
passage through the air. Prof. Tassin
tells that in the fall of meteorites
there is no such thing as "periodicity."
The phenomena may occur at all times,
all periods, all latitudes, all longitudes.
The meteorite may be of any shape or
size and may be made up chiefly of
metal, of metal and stone or mainly of
stone. They are grouped in three
classes—"meteoric irons," "meteoric
stony irons" and "meteoric stones." There
are numberless theories as to
their origin, but the only safe theory is
that they come from "outer space."
The Tucson meteorite is the most fa-
mous and best known at the museum. It
fell upon the Santa Catalina mountains,
near Tucson, Ariz., and is said to have
long been used by the natives as an
anvil. It weighs 1,000 pounds and has
a great hole through the middle of it,
as if it were meant to be carried around
on the neck of an ox. There are be-
tween 300 and 400 meteorites in the Na-
tional museum of various shapes and
sizes and brought from all parts of the
world. The Hesse meteorite fell on thin
ice, but so thoroughly was it held up
by the atmospheric cushion that it did
not break the ice, and rebounded, un-
broken, itself. The Warrenton (Mo.)
meteorite, weighing 100 pounds, barely
penetrated the ground. The time of
their flight is so small that it is mea-
sured by seconds.
Some of the meteorites are so soft
and inflammable that they burn read-
ily by the flame of a candle. Certain
of them, as the "Canon Diablo of
Arizona," contain microscopic dia-
monds.

A sure relief for that "all gone"
feeling in the stomach is a visit to the
Hotel Phoenix lunch counter.
Call at Gifford's livery and get a
good rig at your own price
...Benton Harbor State Bank...
CAPITAL \$50,000.
General Banking Business Transacted
I. W. CONKEY, Pres. H. D. POOLE, V. Pres.
WM. RUPP, Jr. Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
I. W. CONKEY, S. L. VANCAMP,
H. D. POOLE, G. M. VALENTINE,
WM. RUPP, Jr., J. H. LEE,
B. M. NOWLEN, M. B. WELLS,
LEWIS SUTHERLAND.
Your business respectfully solicited.

The Making of Good Coffee

Begins in the growing. Anywhere between the plantation and the coffee pot the flavor may be changed, the quality spoiled by carelessness, inexperience, or unscrupulous methods. From the time Arbuckles' Coffee leaves the hands of the grower until it reaches the user in a sealed packet, it is handled with the same watchful care, the same thought for cleanliness, that you would give any article of food that goes on your table. The house of Arbuckle is the largest and oldest coffee house in the world. Its employees have grown up caring for this great business; the business has grown great under the care of its employees. As a result of this personal care,

ARBUCKLES' Roasted Coffee

is used every day in more than a million American homes. Its reliability is recognized; its quality is appreciated; its flavor is enjoyed; its price is a revelation.

Ask the grocer for Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee, and be sure you get the genuine. All other package coffees are but imitations of Arbuckles'.

In each pound package of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee there is a list of articles. With each package in which the list is found the purchaser has bought a definite part of some article to be selected by him or her from the list, subject only to the condition that the signature on the package is to be cut out and returned to Arbuckle Bros. Everybody should see this list. Address all communications to

ARBUCKLE BROS.,
Notion Department, New York City, N.Y.

"SIXES AND SEVENS."
The cast for the farce to be given next week.
The cast of characters for the popular farce, "Sixes and Sevens," to be given by the young ladies of the Episcopal church January 3, at Conkey's hall is as follows:
Col. Scribble... Dean Peters
Hector Scribble... James Rose
Teddington Locke (a barrister)... K. Lee Harris
Mrs. Scribble... Miss Nettie Hamilton
Jessie Wharton (ward of Col. Scribble)... Miss Edith Davies
Mrs. Delancy (wife of Teddington Locke)... Mrs. Harris
Mary... Miss Tillie Davies
Overture
Twentieth century cake walk, cake walking up-to-date by the entire company in costume, after which dancing will be indulged in.
NEW LUMBER STOCK.
Capt. McDonald Has Added Large Stock in His Line.
EDITOR NEWS: I have just built an addition to the Stock Exchange building, corner East Main and Wall streets, have put in a carload of windows and doors, also lime, cement, stucco, hair, building paper and a complete line of paints and oils.
I have between one and two million shingles on hand; in fact a full line of building material and can furnish a bill from a chicken-coop to a palace. Would be glad to receive a share of the public's patronage. Thanking all for past favors, I remain, Yours very truly,
60:26 JAMES McDONALD.
A first class cook and gentlemanly attendants can be found at the Hotel Phoenix lunch counter. Try them.
Judson E. Rice reports a larger Christmas trade in pictures and many orders still coming in. A large stock of cabinet frames received too late for Christmas are offered very low.
Notice.
The steamer Louisville will make her last trip for this season, leaving Benton Harbor at 8 and St. Joseph at 9 p. m., Wednesday and will leave Chicago Thursday night at 11:30. This will close lake navigation between here and Chicago until sometime next March.
J. H. GRAHAM, Pres. 7316
Stockholders Meeting.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Twin City telephone company will be held at the principal office of the company in Benton Harbor on January 3 at 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and such other business as may legally come before the meeting.
W. A. PRESTON, President.
A long smoke, a good smoke, a perfect smoke, a "Mantello" smoke and then you will smoke no other. 74:12
After the first day of January Dr. Jarvis will be located at room 5 in the

WILL CAUSE TROUBLE

A cough is dangerous to your own health and very unpleasant to your friends. It is something that should be given prompt attention.

NOX-A-KOFF

The great 25 cent cough remedy is sold under a guarantee to cure and if it fails we stand ready to refund your money. This remedy is different than the cough remedies on the market and is manufactured and for sale by

HARRY L. BIRD

HOTEL BENTON DRUGGIST...
Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

CLASSIFIED COLUMN.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

O'HARA & O'HARA, LAWYERS, ROOMS 1, 2, 3 & 4, Wells block, St. Joseph, Mich.
FRANK P. GRAVES, LEROY A. WILSON
GRAVES AND WILSON, ATTORNEYS and counsellors. Practice in all state and federal courts. Office Center block.

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H. V. TUTTON, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND Surgeon. Office Bell block, Benton Harbor. Hours 10 to 11:30 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

C. N. SOWERS, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND Surgeon. Office in Morton block, 109 E. Main street, phone 193. Residence 338 Territorial, phone 230. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8.

E. S. ANTISDALE, M. D., EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat, is in Benton Harbor every Saturday. Hours, 10:30 to 12; 2 to 5; 7 to 8. Phone 228. Chicago office, Columbus Memorial Building, 103 State street.

N. A. HERRING, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND surgeon. Office Herring block, 140 Pipe stone street. Diseases of ear, nose and throat a specialty. Office hours 8 to 9:30 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 9 to 10 a. m. Telephone 222.

F. A. VOTEY, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SUR-geon. Office, Jones & Sonner block. Hours 1 to 4:30 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence, 314 Pipe stone street. Telephone, 111, 1 ring.

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CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERING.

M. L. JONES—CIVIL AND MINING EN-gineer. Maps and surveys of all descriptions made. Room 12, Jones & Sonner block. Tel. No. 17, Benton Harbor, Mich. 130 178.

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C. A. BREHMER, ARCHITECT, SOUTH Bend, Ind. Branch office with Antisdale & Loomis, Benton Harbor.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

K. NIGHTS OF PYTHIAS, PURITAN Lodge No. 117, meets every Thursday evening at Castle Hall, Odd Fellows block. Visiting K. Nights cordially invited to meet with us when in the city. A. A. COVELL, C. C. JOHN A. CRAWFORD, K. of R. and S.

COURT OF HONOR, BENTON HARBOR court, No. 745, meets second and fourth Tuesday nights at G. A. R. hall.
 S. J. QUADE, Chancellor.
 J. B. HANSEN, Recorder.

BENTON DIVISION, COURT NO. 1, ORDER of Patriarchs, meets every Tuesday evening in Modern Woodmen hall. All visiting Patriarchs cordially invited.
 EDGAR P. WHALEN, Justice.
 B. J. MORRISON, clerk.

K. NIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES, BENTON Tent, No. 104, meet at Odd Fellows hall. Regular review every Friday evening.

W. SHANKLAND, C. W. CHADDOCK, F. K. L. N. MURRAY, R. K.
LADIES OF THE MACCABEES, BENTON Hive, No. 54, meets at Odd Fellows hall, first and third Wednesday of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting members will be welcome.
 EMMA NULL, Lady Commander.
 LILA CRISP, Record Keeper.
 CARRIE MARTIN, Finance Keeper.

BENTON LODGE NO. 122, I. O. O. F., MEETS every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock in their lodge room opposite the post office. All visiting brothers are cordially invited.
 A. J. YOUNG, N. G.

B. O. JOHNSON, Sec'y.
 Marquette Lodge, D. of R., meets every alternate Saturday evening. Mrs. Nellie Johnson, N. G.; B. O. JOHNSON, Sec'y.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA, IVY Leaf Camp No. 901 meets every Monday evening at the Woodmen Hall on West Main street. Visiting Woodmen will be cordially welcomed.
 H. S. ANNIS, V. C.
 N. G. WENELL, Clerk.

HARBOR CAMP, NO. 355, ROYAL NEIGH-bors of America, meets every first and third Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Modern Woodmen Hall on West Main street. Visiting neighbors cordially welcomed. Auxiliary to Modern Woodmen of America.
 Mrs. LEBELL MORFHOUSE, Oracle.
 Mrs. ANNA E. MILLIS, Recorder.

BENTON HOME FORUM, 390, MEETS THE second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at Modern Woodmen hall. Visiting companions always welcome.
 N. G. WENELL, president.
 Mrs. CANNIZ SILVER, secretary.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE, ETC.

BASSETT, SPINK & CO., SUCCESSORS to Rounds & Warner. Real estate, fire insurance and loans. Room 21, Postoffice block.

ANTISDALE & LOOMIS, INSURANCE agents, real estate, loans, renting, properties cared for, 104 Water street, Benton Harbor.

ALBERT SYKES, FIRE INSURANCE. Real Estate, Rents, Loans and Collections. Fire Insurance and Collections a specialty. Room 1, Jones & Sonner Block. Phone 17.

CURTIS & JENNINGS, REAL ESTATE Insurance, Collections, etc., Notary Public. Room 4, Jones & Sonner block, Benton Harbor Mich.

Our Stock of Shoes

Is just a little better, just a little newer, just a little "something" that makes them more desirable than those you get elsewhere.

Did You Ever

Wear the famous W. L. DOUGLAS shoe for men. If you have you're our customer, if you haven't, get a pair and we know you will be pleased. Can only be found at our store.

For the Ladies

We have the correct styles in winter footwear and can please you all. All we want is the chance to show the goods.

Morrison Bros.

Water Street, Benton Harbor, Mich.

A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by Lowe & Witherspoon, druggists.

Drying.

All kinds of light drying and wood and coal delivered. Twin City phone, 271; Bell phone 328.
 W. R. KENNEDY.

Mrs. R. Churchill, Berlin, Vt., says: "Our baby was covered with running sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her." A specific for piles and skin diseases. Beware of worthless counterfeits Geo. M. Bell & Co.

WANT COLUMN.

LOAN WANTED—SMALL AMOUNT ON a fine upright piano. Short time. Address B. B. general delivery, city. *7616

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO NURS-ing by an experienced nurse. Apply to 116 High street. *7516

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—CHEAP FOR CASH A GOOD roll top desk. Apply at this office. 7716

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL, MUST have good references. Call at Butzbach & Kidd's fruit store. 7516

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT MIDDLE-aged woman, a position as housekeeper in a respectable family. Can furnish good reference. Address 417 Court St., St. Joseph. 7516

WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN FOR general housework, 147 Garfield Ave. *7416

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. Seeley McCord, Territorial street. 6416

WANTED—TO TRADE A NEW 7 ROOM house, for small farm. Address B. News. 3216

LOST.

LOST—BETWEEN WASHINGTON STREET and the postoffice, a package containing two corsets. Reward by leaving at office of Bassett & Spink. *7516

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT

FOR RENT—THREE OR FOUR NICE rooms with bath and city water. Inquire at Evening News. 6178

FOR SALE CHEAP—A GOOD WORK horse or will trade for a cow. Enquire 218 Pipestone street. 6175

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED and furnace heated house for rent for 3 or 4 months. Terms reasonable to reliable parties. For further particulars address RENT care Evening News. 7117

FOR SALE—A GOOD, SAFE, SOUND driving horse suitable for lady. Dr. F. M. Kerry. 7017

FOR RENT—HOUSE AND BARN, ON Broadway. Inquire of S. M. White, dentist. 5417

FOR RENT—FLATS IN THE YORE BLOCK Hot water, gas ranges and janitor service. Inquire Don C. Morrison, Yore block, Sixth street. 11181

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL property and real estate. W. G. Newland, over Dunbar's meat market.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND FARM property. Mortgages bought. Any amount, lowest rates. Money on hand. No delay. Don C. Morrison, Yore block, 5th. 11181

Now is Your Time

To Put in Your Furnaces and Heating Plants...

Get them put in by home skill and by people who understand the business and are here to make everything right.

Also your Plumbing and Gas Fitting... Hardware, Paints, Oils, Binding Twine, Stoves and Ranges, Shelf Hardware and Cutlery.

Yours to suit. Prices right.

B. L. HALL..

126 Pipestone Street.
 Phone 178.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

FAVORABLE ACTION.

Almost Certain That China Will Be Free to World's Trade.

POWERS AGREE TO THE "OPEN DOOR."

Favorable Replies Are Received from Great Britain, Germany, France and Russia—Italy Alone Not Heard From.

Washington, Jan. 1.—The negotiations opened by Secretary Hay with the great powers of Europe and with Japan towards securing a common understanding for a continued open door policy throughout China have met with most gratifying results. The state department is unwilling at present to make public the nature of the replies received, as this information will be embodied in a special message to congress. But in other quarters, thoroughly reliable and in a position to have trustworthy and accurate information, it is learned that favorable responses have been made by Great Britain, Germany, France, Russia and Japan. There is no doubt, it is thought here, that Italy, the remaining country addressed, will make favorable answer, if, indeed, it has not already done so. The position of Italy is felt to be assured by the favorable course adopted by the other four great powers of Europe.

Importance of the Verdict.

The importance of this unanimous verdict by all the first-class powers of the world—Great Britain, Russia, Germany, France, Italy and Japan, in conjunction with the United States—can hardly be overestimated, so far as it relates to the future of China and the commerce of the world in that empire. The state department is loath to discuss the far-reaching results to be secured when the agreement advances to the stage of formal consummation, for each favorable response is conditioned on the favorable action of all the other parties, so that in each case the negotiation may be regarded as short of absolute finality. But while the department is silent the details come from sources believed to be fully conversant with what has occurred.

The British Answer.

According to this information the British answer was the first to be submitted, and was exceptionally comprehensive and explicit in yielding to every suggestion made by the United States relative to maintaining the freest entry to the ports of China. The British answer is said to emphasize the concurrence with the United States by adopting word for word much of the phraseology employed by Secretary Hay when he addressed his original note to Great Britain and the other powers. The wording is such as to make plain that the British government concurs, for the present and hereafter without limitation, in a policy of free access to China.

Germany Agrees.

Germany is said to have been the next power to answer in the affirmative. According to the information already referred to, the German answer was rather more vague than the one which had preceded it, but its general tendency was favorable, the only condition being that any arrangement as to free access to China should be universal and assented to by all of the powers.

Position of France.

The French answer is understood to have come next, and the circumstances attending it were rather peculiar, and not in the nature of a direct answer, although the result was regarded as most satisfactory. Secretary Hay's note had been forwarded to Gen. Bourne Porter, the United States ambassador to France, who promptly called upon M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs in the French cabinet. Gen. Porter made known his mission, whereupon M. Delcasse showed the most sympathetic spirit, and stated that he had already made ample answer to just such a communication, although at the time he had not intended it as an answer to the American note. This answer, M. Delcasse explained, was given in a speech made by him on November 24 in the French chamber. The main point of that speech, in his references to China, was that France desired the most ample freedom of commerce. M. Delcasse referred Gen. Porter to this speech, and told him that it fully gave the assurance which the United States desired. It is said that the meeting was gratifying on both sides, and that the results were considered to be a favorable acceptance from France.

Russia Acts.

The Russian negotiations have proceeded less briskly, so that it seemed for a time that Russia's attitude might not be favorable. This was dissipated, however, by the Russian ambassador, Count Cassini. In the course of interviews with Secretary Hay. On these occasions Count Cassini pointed out that a hurried answer was by no means the best evidence of a favorable attitude toward the American proposition, but that Russia was proceeding with due deliberation in order to arrive at some solid ground for a permanent understanding. Count Cassini showed personally the most friendly spirit toward the American proposition, as well as being desirous of giving an answer in this case which would be another instance of the friendly cooperation long observed between Russia and the United States. The Russian position it is understood, is similar to those preceding it, with the same condition that Russia alone shall not be bound, but that all of the interested countries shall join in the agreement to keep the ports of China forever open.

Italy Only Remains.

Altho order in the negotiations, a favorable attitude was made

known cannot be stated, but it suffices that Japan made her position unmistakable in favor of the American proposition with the same reservation as in all the other cases that unanimity should be reached. Although Italy is yet to be heard from definitely, no doubt is entertained that this country also will be favorable, thus making complete the satisfactory responses of all the great powers.

MAY BE THE NEXT POPE.

Leo Said to Have Given an Intimation That His Successor May Be Cardinal Gotti.

Rome, Jan. 1.—It is asserted that the pope, after the recent ceremony of opening the holy door at St. Peter's cathedral, addressed his intimate entourage and said:

"I thank Divine Providence for granting me the grace of being able to celebrate this great function, and I wish for my successor, grandeur and a long reign, to the greater glory of God. My successor will be young, as compared with my own age, and will have time to see many glories of the papacy and the church."

Later Leo clearly designated Cardinal Girolamo Maria Gotti, prefect of the congregation of indulgences and sacred relics, as his successor. Cardinal Gotti, the famous Genoese monk, is a man of great piety and modesty. Now about 64 years of age, he has always lived the life of an ascetic, and, despite the dignity of a prince of the church, he always sleeps in a cell and on a hard mattress.

WILL QUIT PUBLIC LIFE.

Senator Vest, of Missouri, Announces That He Will Retire at the End of His Term.

Washington, Jan. 1.—"My present term in the senate will end my public career," said Senator Vest, of Missouri. "I have written a letter to a friend of mine, an editor in Clay county, in which I have said that this term will bring my public life to a close. In saying this, however, I am simply repeating the statement made to the Missouri legislature which last elected me, that I would not be a candidate for reelection." His term does not expire until 1903, so that he has three years yet to serve. At the expiration of that time he will have been in the senate four terms, a total of 23 years. He took his seat on March 15, 1879, having been elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Boggs.

Ohio Legislation.

Columbus, O., Jan. 1. The Seventy-fourth general assembly will meet today at ten a. m., and will remain in session just long enough to organize by electing the republican caucus members. Lieut. Gov. Jones will preside in the senate. His successor, Judge John A. Caldwell, will not qualify until next Monday, when Governor Nash will be inaugurated. Gov. Bushnell's message will be submitted to the legislature Tuesday.

A Terrible Fall.

Cabaret, Mich., Jan. 1.—Andrew Johnson met death Sunday by falling 600 feet down a shaft in the Kearsarge mine. John Sisco, his partner, is held in \$5000 bonds awaiting the action of the coroner's jury. They were heard quarreling just previous to Johnson's fall, and it is thought that Sisco pushed his partner into the shaft, to death, or was in some way responsible for it.

Country Bank Robbed.

Tolono, Ill., Jan. 1. The Bank of Tolono, a private institution, of which R. A. Boyer is president and S. M. Boyer cashier, was entered by burglars at an early hour Saturday morning and \$1,500 in cash taken from the safe. Besides this about \$500 in stamps and postal funds were taken from a deposit box which Postmaster Campbell had placed in the bank for safe keeping. The safe was ruined.

Masonic Honor Washington.

New York, Jan. 1. The members of the various masonic lodges in this city commemorated the one hundredth anniversary of the death of Gen. George Washington Sunday by religious services in the historic churches of the metropolis, most notably in St. Paul's chapel of Trinity parish, where the centenary of the first president's death was recently celebrated with a patriotic display.

Noted Manufacturer Dead.

Clinton, Ia., Jan. 1. T. G. Fish, president of the Fish Bros. Manufacturing company, died Sunday at his home here, aged 66 years. He was widely known as the founder of the famous Fish Bros. wagon, beginning its manufacture at Racine, Wis., in 1862. He located the factory here four years ago. He leaves a wife, one son and one daughter.

Killed Himself.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 1. Former Congressman Ben Clover committed suicide at his home near Douglas, Butler county, Saturday by shooting. Dependency resulting from sickness and poverty was the cause. Clover formerly represented the Third district in congress and was among the first to be elected by the famous Farmers' alliance movement.

Mr. Boutelle Improves.

Baugor, Me., Jan. 1. A letter has been received from the physicians who are treating Congressman Boutelle in Boston stating that his symptoms already show improvement and therefore there is strong hope of his complete recovery in the near future.

Insolvent.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 1.—Allen C. Rush, formerly president of the Illinois state board of agriculture, filed a petition in insolvency here, acknowledging liabilities amounting to \$500,000 and assets less than \$200.

Death of Eugene Bertrand.

Paris, Jan. 1.—Eugene Bertrand, director of the grand opera, is dead.



The Man Behind the Counter

is, in this instance, always anxious to please and considers it no trouble to show goods, whether you intend to buy or not. Everything in the way of silver ware, watches, jewelry and precious stones we can show you, and our prices will astonish you when you see the excellence of our goods. We have some very new designs in bracelets that are sure to please all ladies who are up to date.

G. E. HOLLIS

Manufacturer and Retailing Jeweler
 105 East Main Street.

WHITE...DENTIST

Jones & Sonner Block,
 Benton Harbor...

CHICAGO & WEST MICHIGAN

GOING SOUTH.				
Stations	a. m.	noon	p. m.	p. m.
Grand Rapids	7:10	12:00	4:35	11:50
Benton Harbor	10:20	2:12	7:40	3:30
St. Joseph	10:30	2:20	7:50	3:45
Chicago, ar.	1:30	5:00	10:45	7:25
	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
GOING NORTH.				
Stations	a. m.	noon	p. m.	p. m.
Chicago	7:15	12:00	5:00	11:50
St. Joseph	10:10	2:45	7:50	2:50
Benton Harbor	10:20	2:52	7:58	3:00
Grand Rapids, ar.	1:25	5:05	10:55	8:20
Traverse City, ar.	4:10			12:40
Charlevoix, ar.	11:35			3:10
Petoskey, ar.	11:55			3:40
	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.

DETROIT, G. D. RAPIDS & WESTERN R. R. Trains leave Grand Rapids for Lansing and Detroit at 7:00 a. m., 12:05 p. m., and 5:25 p. m. For Saginaw at 7:00 a. m. and 5:10 p. m. Parlor cars on all trains; seats 25 cents.

GEO. DEHAVERN, Gen. Pass. Agt., Grand Rapids. G. W. LARKWORTHY, Agt., Benton Harbor.

VANDALIA LINE Terre Haute & Logansport Railway Co.

..TIME TABLE..

In effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Trains leave South Bend for the South: No. 21, Ex. Sun., 5:15 a. m. for Terre Haute. No. 3, Ex. Sun., 11:45 a. m. for Terre Haute. No. 2, Ex. Sun., 6:45 p. m. for Logansport.

For complete Time Card, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rates, through cars, etc., address:

C. M. WHEELER, Trav. Pass. Agt., Terre Haute, Ind.

OR E. A. FORD, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

Milwaukee, Benton Harbor & Columbus Railway Co.

TIME TABLE.

Effective Sunday, October 22, 1900.

Going South			Going North		
No. 2	No. 1	No. 2	No. 2	No. 1	No. 2
Dly	Dly	Dly	Dly	Dly	Dly
ex.	ex.	ex.	ex.	ex.	ex.
Sun	Sun	Sun	Sun	Sun	Sun
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
1:00	4:00	7:00	Benton Harbor	11:10	6:45
1:13	4:17	7:09	"Sunapee"	11:21	6:53
1:27	4:31	7:24	"Stoddard"	11:35	7:07
1:42	4:46	7:39	"Royallton	11:50	7:22
1:56	5:00	7:53	"Winchman	12:05	7:36
2:10	5:14	8:07	"Stoddard"	12:20	7:50
2:24	5:28	8:21	"Royallton	12:35	8:04
2:38	5:42	8:35	"Winchman	12:50	8:18
2:52	5:56	8:49	"Stoddard"	1:05	8:32
3:06	6:10	9:03	"Royallton	1:20	8:46
3:20	6:24	9:17	"Winchman	1:35	9:00
3:34	6:38	9:31	"Stoddard"	1:50	9:14
3:48	6:52	9:45	"Royallton	2:05	9:28
4:02	7:06	9:59	"Winchman	2:20	9:42
4:16	7:20	10:13	"Stoddard"	2:35	9:56
4:30	7:34	10:27	"Royallton	2:50	10:10
4:44	7:48	10:41	"Winchman	3:05	10:24
4:58	8:02	10:55	"Stoddard"	3:20	10:38
5:12	8:16	11:09	"Royallton	3:35	10:52
5:26	8:30	11:23	"Winchman	3:50	11:06
5:40	8:44	11:37	"Stoddard"	4:05	11:20
5:54	8:58	11:51	"Royallton	4:20	11:34
6:08	9:12	12:05	"Winchman	4:35	11:48
6:22	9:26	12:19	"Stoddard"	4:50	12:02
6:36	9:40	12:33	"Royallton	5:05	12:16
6:50	9:54	12:47	"Winchman	5:20	12:30
7:04	10:08	13:01	"Stoddard"	5:35	12:44
7:18	10:22	13:15	"Royallton	5:50	12:58
7:32	10:36	13:29	"Winchman	6:05	13:12
7:46	10:50	13:43	"Stoddard"	6:20	13:26
8:00	11:04	13:57	"Royallton	6:35	13:40
8:14	11:18	14:11	"Winchman	6:50	13:54
8:28	11:32	14:25	"Stoddard"	7:05	14:08
8:42	11:46	14:39	"Royallton	7:20	14:22
8:56	12:00	14:53	"Winchman	7:35	14:36
9:10	12:14	15:07	"Stoddard"	7:50	14:50
9:24	12:28	15:21	"Royallton	8:05	15:04
9:38	12:42	15:35	"Winchman	8:20	15:18
9:52	12:56	15:49	"Stoddard"	8:35	15:32
10:06	13:10	16:03	"Royallton	8:50	15:46
10:20	13:24	16:17	"Winchman	9:05	16:00
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11:30	14:34	17:27	"Royallton	10:20	17:10
11:44	14:48	17:41	"Winchman	10:35	17:24
11:58	15:02	17:55	"Stoddard"	10:50	17:38
12:12	15:16	18:09	"Royallton	11:05	17:52
12:26	15:30	18:23	"Winchman	11:20	18:06
12:40	15:44	18:37	"Stoddard"	11:35	18:20
12:54	15:58	18:51	"Royallton	11:50	18:34
1:08	16:12	19:05	"Winchman	12:05	18:48
1:22	16:26	19:19	"Stoddard"	12:20	19:02
1:36	16:40	19:33	"Royallton	12:35	19:16
1:50	16:54	19:47	"Winchman	12:50	19:30
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2:46	17:50	20:43	"Stoddard"	1:50	20:26
3:00	18:04	20:57	"Royallton	2:05	20:40
3:14	18:18	21:11	"Winchman	2:20	20:54
3:28	18:32	21:25	"Stoddard"	2:35	21:08
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7:26	22:30	25:23	"Winchman	6:50	25:06
7:40	22:44	25:37	"Stoddard"	7:05	25:20
7:54	22:58	25:51	"Royallton	7:20	25:34
8:08	23:12	26:05	"Winchman	7:35	25:48
8:22	23:26	26:19	"Stoddard"	7:50	26:02
8:36	23:40	26:33	"Royallton	8:05	26:16
8:50	23:54	26:47	"Winchman	8:20	26:30
9:04	24:08	27:01	"Stoddard"	8:35	26:44
9:18	24:22	27:15	"Royallton	8:50	26:58
9:32	24:36	27:29	"Winchman	9:05	27:12
9:46	24:50	27:43	"Stoddard"	9:20	27:26
10:00	25:04	27:57	"Royallton	9:35	27:40
10:14	25:18	28:11	"Winchman	9:50	27:54
10:28	25:32	28:25	"Stoddard"	10:05	28:08
10:42	25:46	28:39	"Royallton	10:20	28:22
10:56	26:00	28:53	"Winchman	10:35	28:36
11:10	26:14	29:07	"Stoddard"	10:50	28:50
11:24	26:28	29:21	"Royallton	11:05	29:04
11:38	26:42	29:35	"Winchman	11:20	29:18
11:52	26:56	29:49	"Stoddard"	11:35	29:32
12:06	27:10	30:03	"Royallton	11:50	29:46
12:20	27:24	30:17	"Winchman	12:05	30:00
12:34	27:38	30:31	"Stoddard"	12:20	30:14
12:48	27:52	30:45	"Royallton	12:35	30:28
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13:16	28:20	31:13	"Stoddard"	1:05	30:56
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13:44	28:48	31:41	"Winchman	1:35	31:24
13:58	29:02	31:55	"Stoddard"	1:50	31:38
14:12	29:16	32:09	"Royallton	2:05	31:52
14:26	29:30	32:23	"Winchman	2:20	32:06
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35:26	50:30	53:23	"Winchman	12:50	53:06
35:40	50:				

GLIMPSE OF 1899.

Review of 1899.

February.

March.

And Then on This



August.

December.